Year 6 - Autumn 1 - "Discovering Spain"

What We Are Learning

- To learn key facts about **Spain**, including its geography, landmarks and culture.
- To locate **Spain** and its major cities on a map of Europe.
- To use previously learnt Spanish to **describe Spain** using full sentences.
- To ask for and give **opinions**, explaining reasons using **porque**.
- To read and understand simple **Spanish fact files.**
- To create an independent **fact file about Spain** using simple Spanish sentences and key vocabulary.

Sentence Builders

Useful Words

un – a (masculine)

una – a (feminine)

el – the (masculine)

la – the (feminine)

los – the (plural)

las – the (plural)

es – is

está en – is in / is located in

hay – there is / there are

tiene – it has

se comen – people eat / are eaten

se celebra – it is celebrated

hace – it is (weather)

Geography

el país – country

la ciudad – city

la capital – capital city

el sur – south

el norte – north

el este – east

el oeste – west

las montañas – mountains

las playas – beaches

los ríos – rivers

el mar – sea

ES Spain

la bandera – flag

roja – red

amarilla – yellow

el toro – bull

el fútbol – football

el futbolista – footballer

Sergio Ramos – Sergio Ramos

Adjectives (Retrieval)

bonito/a – beautiful

interesante – interesting

emocionante – exciting

tradicional – traditional

moderno/a – modern

divertido/a – fun

Countries & Places

España – Spain

Europa – Europe

la península ibérica – the Iberian Peninsula

Madrid – Madrid

Barcelona – Barcelona

Sevilla – Seville

Connectives

y – and

pero – but

también – also

porque – because

Spanish Culture

la fiesta – festival

La Tomatina – La Tomatina

la paella – paella

los churros – churros

la música – music

Writing Helpers

Hay... – There is / There are...

Veo... – I can see...

Tiene... – It has...

Está en... – It is in...

Mi parte favorita es... – My favourite part is...

Opinions (Retrieval from Year 5)

Me gusta... – I like...

No me gusta... – I don't like...

Me encanta... – I love...

Odio... – I hate...

Creo que... – I think...

Remember!

Adjectives usually come after the noun in Spanish.

For example:

bandera roja ✔