RE: Year 1 Autumn2

What can we learn from the Diwali story About Good and Evil? (Hinduism)

How do Hindus celebrate Diwali?

Rangoli Patterns: An elaborate pat-tern or picture used for decoration



Mithai: Indian sweets given during Diwali cel-ebration



Diya lamps: An oil lamp made from clay, usually lit during celebrations.



New clothes:



Cleaning their houses:

Links to prior Learning:

Reception and Nursery learning: Children will have talked about Diwali as they followed the cycle of festivals in each year.



What Happens in the story of Rama and Sita?

Link to the story: https://www.bbc.co.uk/cbeebies/stories/lets-



Aum symbol of Hinduism

Key Vocabulary

Diwali – the Hindu festival of light.

Prince Rama and Princess Sita (the main char-acters in the Diwali story

Ravana – a wicked king with 10 heads

Deities – gods (different forms of the one Hindu God), for example the elephant god Ganesh

Hanuman – the monkey king with magic powers who helped Rama

Tradition – an activity that is done the same way each year to remember something special

Mandir – a sacred Hindu temple or house of worship.

Puja–ceremonial worship

What do we learn from the Diwali story?

- Good wins over evil.
- We must stay true to what we believe and we will find our way home.
- The story of Rama and Sita is recalled at Diwali.
- Hindus worship in the Temple (Mandir) on Diwali
- Diwali is a festival of lights, link to other festival of lights e.g. Chanukah



Diwali always falls some time between October and November